

Pearls

- Recommended Exam: Mental Status, HEENT, Skin, Neck, Heart, Lungs, Abdomen, Extremities, Neuro
- Pulse oximetry should be monitored continuously if initial saturation is < 96%, or there is a decline in patient status despite normal pulse oximetry readings.
- Do not force a child into a position. They will protect their airway by their body position.
- The most important component of respiratory distress is airway control.
- Bronchiolitis is a viral infection typically affecting infants which results in wheezing which may not respond to beta-agonists.
- Consider Epinephrine if patient < 18 months and not responding to initial beta-agonist treatment.
- Croup typically affects children < 2 years of age. It is viral, possible fever, gradual onset, no drooling is noted.
- Epiglottitis typically affects children > 2 years of age. It is bacterial, with fever, rapid onset, possible stridor, patient wants to sit up to keep airway open, drooling is common. Airway manipulation may worsen the condition.

Protocol 43

This protocol has approved by the Survival Flight Medical Director as of April 2014

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