

Pediatric Pain/Comfort Control



History

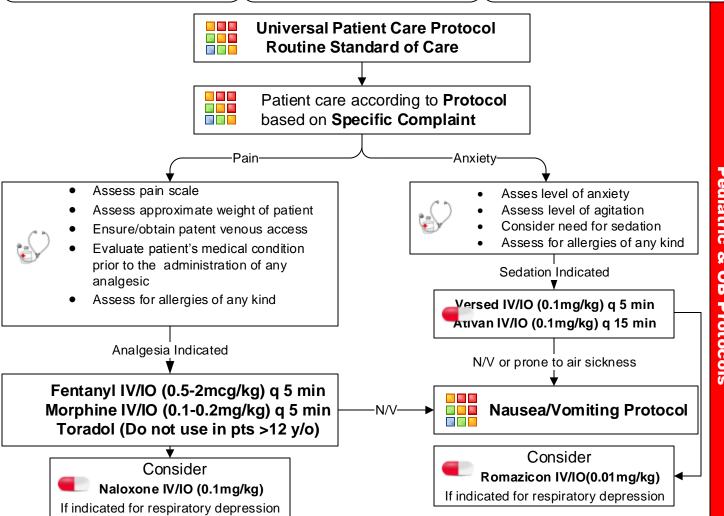
- Age / Weight
- Location
- Duration
- Severity (0 10) or Wong-Baker faces scale
- SAMPLE
- Drug Allergies
- Medications

Signs and Symptoms

- Severity (pain scale)
- Quality (sharp, dull, etc.)
- Radiation Relation to movement, respiration
- Increased with palpation of area

Differential

- Per the specific protocol
- Musculoskeletal
- Visceral (abdominal)
- Cardiac Pleural / Respiratory
- Neurogenic
- Renal (colic)



Pearls

- Recommended Exam: Mental Status, Area of Pain, Neuro Pain severity (0-10) is a vital sign to be recorded pre and post IV or IM
 medication delivery and at disposition. Vital signs should be obtained pre, post, and at disposition with all pain medications.
- Contraindications to the use of a narcotic include hypotension, head injury, respiratory distress or severe COPD.
- Ketorolac (Toradol) and Ibuprofen should not be used in patients with known renal disease or renal transplant, in patients who have known drug allergies to NSAID's (non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medications), with active bleeding, or in patients who may need surgical intervention such as open fractures or fracture deformities.
- All patients should have drug allergies documented prior to administering pain medications.
- **Ketorolac** should not be given for headaches or abdominal pain, history of gastritis, stomach ulcers, fracture, or if patient will require sedation See drug list for other contraindications for Analgesics and Sedatives